



DEKADAL TECHNICAL NOTE DEKAD 1 JANUARY, 2021 AND FORECAST WEEK 1 AND 2

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OUTLINE

- Dekadal average precipitation in percent of average
- Past four weeks SST anomalies
- Last month SST anomalies
- Past four weeks and month velocity potential, TPW anomalies with MJO, Kelvin and Rossby wave overlaid on global maps (850 et 200)
- Past 4 weeks precipitable water and outlooks
- Hovmoller diagram of velocity potential, anomalies for 5N-5S, 15N-15S with waves overlay including outlooks
- Ecmwf mjo forecast
- Hovmoller diagram for TPW and OLR with waves overlaid including outlook
- Past 3 weeks olr anomalies
- Past 4 weeks velocity potential and month stream function anomalies with MJO, kelvin and rossby wave overlaid on global maps 850 hpa Mean Sea Level
 Presssure (dekadal climatology, dekadal mean and anomaly overlayed)

OUTLINE

- Observed mlsp for the recent 10 day period with anomalies superimposed on the left and climatology of mslp for the past 10 day period
- Geopotential height 500 hpa
- ITD, CAB, ITCZ dekad 3 of december 2020
- Wind anomalies for the recent 10 day period 850 and 700 hpa
- Relative humidity recent 10 days anomalies, climatology 850 for dekad 3 of December 2020
- Relative humidity recent 10 days anomalies, climatology 700 for dekad 3 of December 2020
- Ir image and Velocity Potential anomaly
- Extremes events table recorded during the dekad in Africa and socio economic impacts
- Precipitation forecasts from ECMWF for week 1 & 2

OUTLINE

- MJO forecast
- Wind anomaly forecast from GFS
- Week 1 AT 700 hPa relative vorticity forecast from cfs ecmwf
- Week 1 AT 700 hPa divergence wind forecast ecmwf
- Monthly forecast from WMO lead centre single ensemble and multimodel
- Precipitation and anomaly forecast
- S2S products from the hazard center of university of california at SANTA BARBARA
- Precipitation probability forecast SUBX
- Climatology of precipitations for upcoming week 1 and 2

ESTIMATE CUMULATIVE PRECIPITATION IN PERCENT OF AVERAGE FOR DEKAD 1 JANUARY 2021

PRECIPITATION EN POURCENTAGE DEK1 JAN 2021

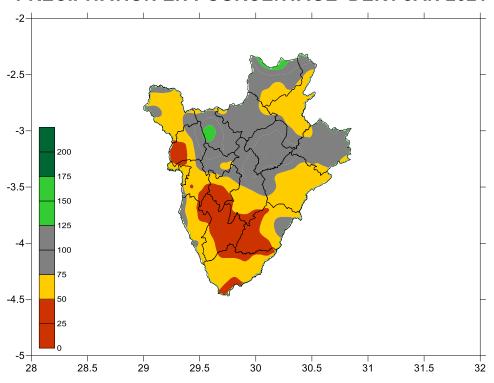


Figure 1: This map displays decadal average precipitation in percent of average
The figure show well below to below average precipitation prevailed over most parts of the Country during the first dekad of January
2021

Weekly Sea Surface Temperature Anomaly

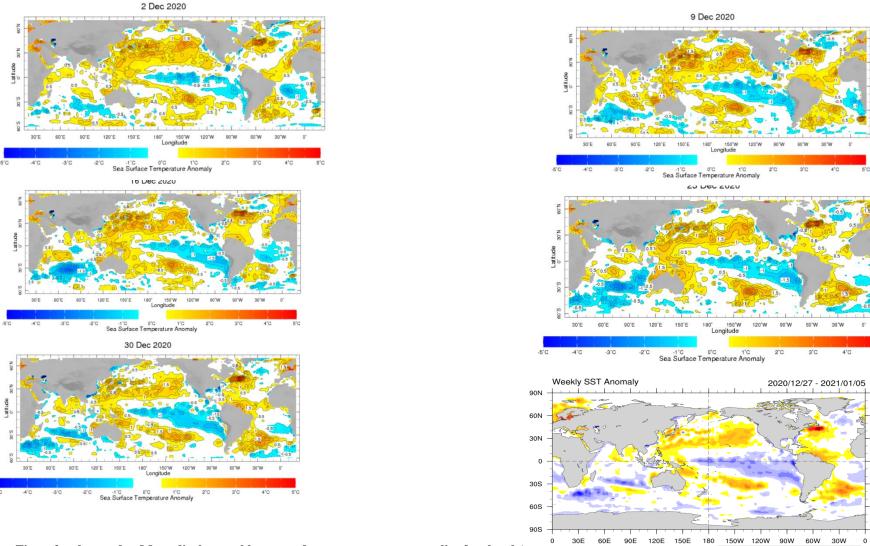


Figure2:a, b, c and c: Maps display weekly sea surface temperature anomalies for the glo . http://iridl.ldeo.columbia.edu/maproom/Global/Ocean Temp/Weekly Anomaly.html?

During the last four weeks, below-average SSTs have persisted across the most of the equatorial Pacific Ocean. Neutral to Below average SSTs have persisted across the most of Tropical South Atlantic and Gulf Guinea.

Base Period: 1981-2010

LAST MONTH SST OBSERVED

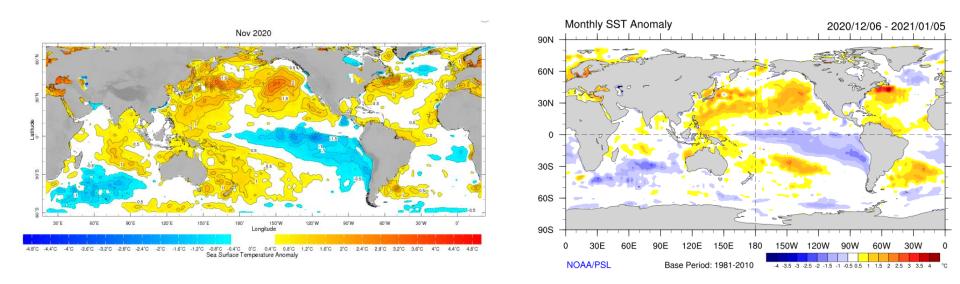


Figure 4: This map displays monthly sea surface temperature anomalies for the globe.

During November and last 30 days, the Cooling persisted across central to the eastern Equatorial Pacific Ocean. Neutral to cold persisted across the Tropical south Atlantic; the persisted cooling across South-Western Indian Ocean (SWIO); the heating persisted across western Equatorial Pacific and the warming persisted across northern Pacific Ocean.

http://iridl.ldeo.columbia.edu/maproom/Global/Ocean_Temp/Anomaly.html. Accessed 20/12/2020.

SST OBS AND FCST FOR TWO WEEK

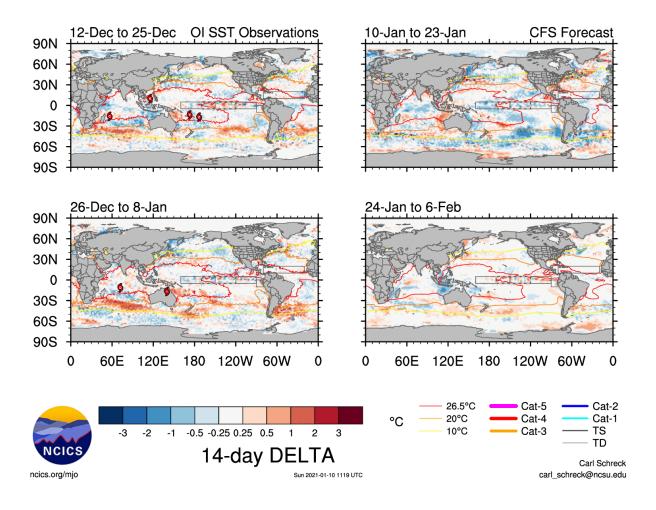
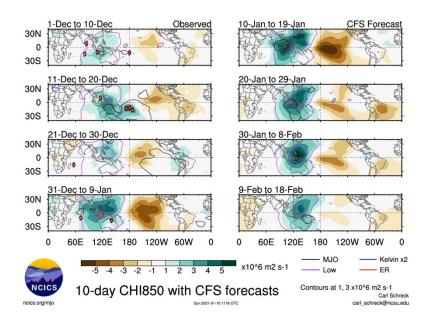


Figure 5: Sea Surface Temperature and FCST for two week https://ncics.org/pub/mjo/v2/sst/global.delta.21.png

PAST FOUR WEEK AND MONTH VELOCITY POTENTIAL, TPW ANOMALIES WITH MJO, KELVIN AND ROSSBY WAVE OVERLAID ON GLOBAL MAPS 850 ET 200



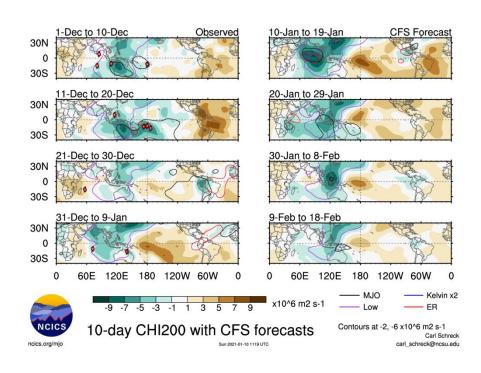


Figure 6a and b: past four week and month velocity potential W

https://ncics.org/pub/mjo/v2/map/chi850.cfs.all.global.7.png

https://ncics.org/pub/mjo/v2/map/chi200.cfs.all.global.7.png

https://ncics.org/portfolio/monitor/mjo/

PAST 4 WEEKS PRECIPITABLE WATER AND OUTLOOKS

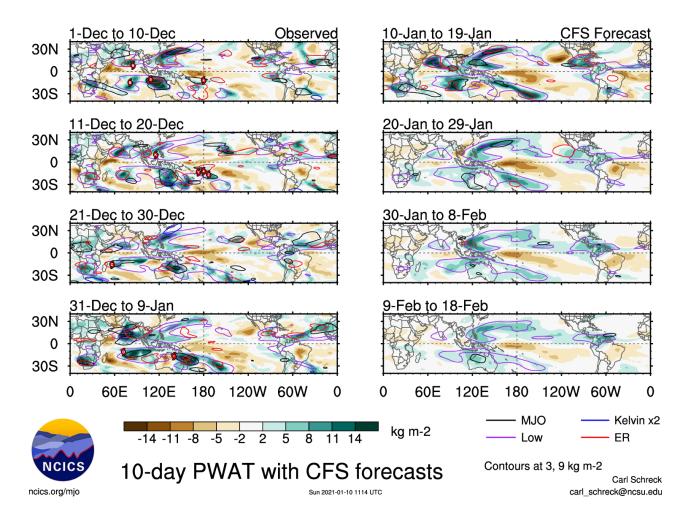
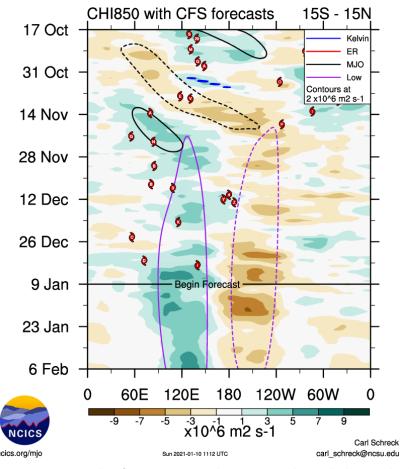


Figure 7: past 4 weeks precipitable water and outlooks

https://ncics.org/pub/mjo/v2/map/pwat.cfs.all.global.7.png

https://ncics.org/portfolio/monitor/mjo

HOVMOLLER DIAGRAM OF VELOCITY POTENTIAL, ANOMALIES FOR 15N-15S WITH WAVES OVERLAY INCLUDING OUTLOOKS



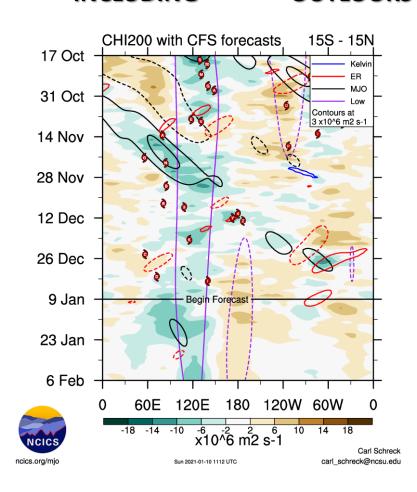


Figure 8: anomalies for 15n-15s with waves overlay including outlooks

https://ncics.org/pub/mjo/v2/hov/chi200.cfs.eqtr.png https://ncics.org/pub/mjo/v2/hov/chi850.cfs.wide.png

https://ncics.org/portfolio/monitor/mjo/

HOVMOLLER DIAGRAM OF VELOCITY POTENTIAL, ANOMALIES FOR 5S-5N WITH WAVES OVERLAY INCLUDING OUTLOOKS

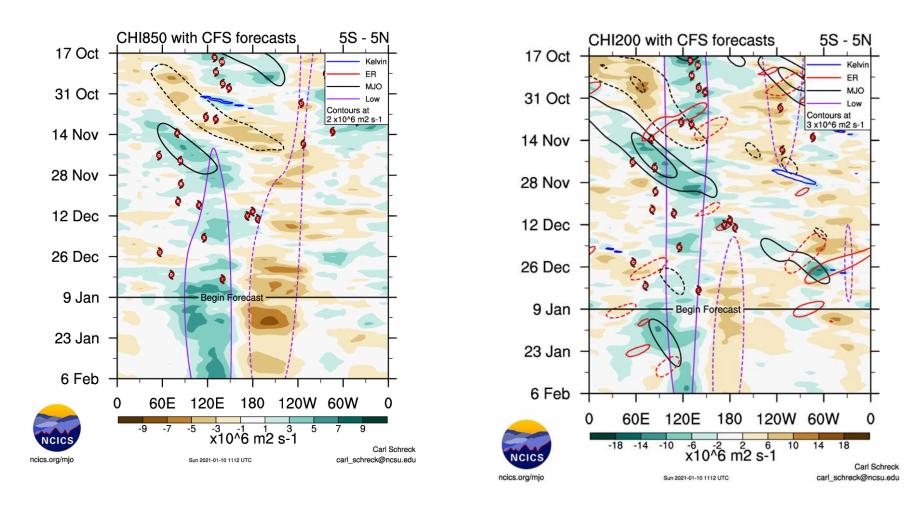
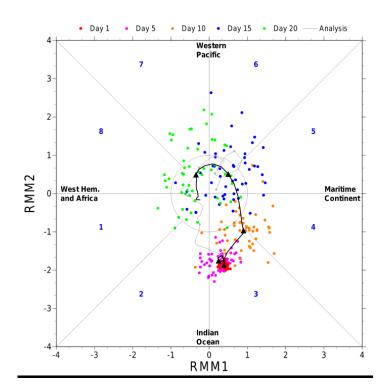


Figure 9: anomalies for 15n-5s with waves overlay including outlooks

https://ncics.org/pub/mjo/v2/hov/chi200.cfs.south.png https://ncics.org/pub/mjo/v2/hov/chi850.cfs.south.png

ECMWF MJO FORECAST

ECMWF MONTHLY FORECASTS FORECAST BASED 07/01/2021 00UTC



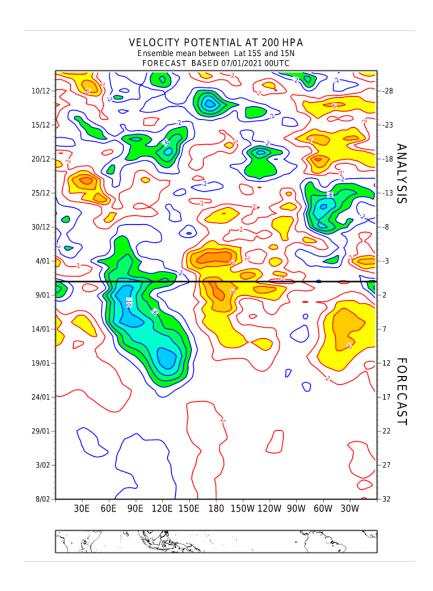


Figure 10a and b: ECMWF MJO FORECAST

PAST 3 WEEKS OLR ANOMALIES

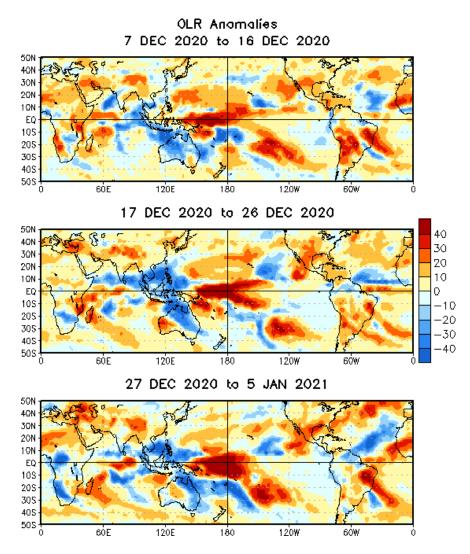


Figure 11: PAST 3 WEEKS OLR ANOMALIES

PAST 4 WEEKS VELOCITY POTENTIAL AND MONTH STREAM FUNCTION ANOMALIES WITH MJO, KELVIN AND ROSSBY WAVE OVERLAID ON GLOBAL MAPS 850 hPa

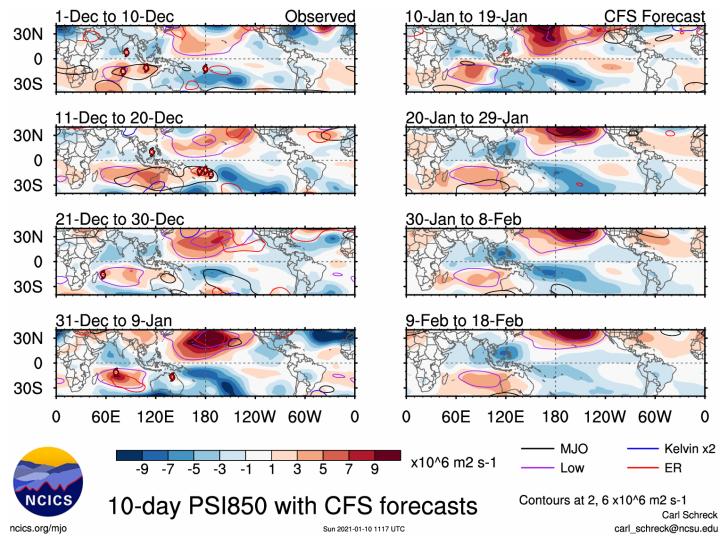


Figure 12: PAST 4 WEEKS VELOCITY POTENTIAL

https://ncics.org/pub/mjo/v2/map/psi850.cfs.mjo.global.10.png

OBSERVED MLSP FOR THE DEKAD 2 December 2020 WITH ANOMALIES SUPERIMPOSED ON THE LEFT AND CLIMATOLOGY OF MSLP FOR THE DEKAD 2 December

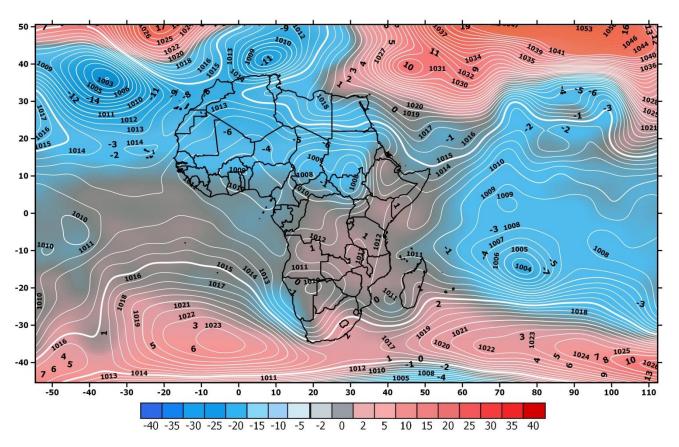


Figure 13: MSLP obs-anom and MSLP-climatology

Data source: http://iridl.ldeo.columbia.edu/expert/SOURCES/.NOAA/.NCEP-NCAR/.CDAS-1/.DAILY/.Intrinsic/.MSL/.pressure

WIND ANOMALIES FOR THE RECENT 7 DAY PERIOD 850 AND 700 hPa

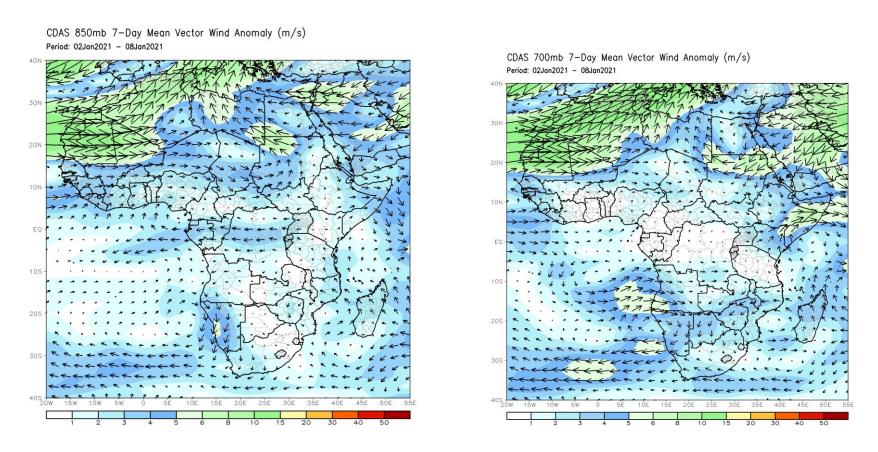


Figure 15: Wind anomalies for 850 and 700hPa

For the wind, a low intensity anomaly have prevailed at the 850 hpa level during the third dekad of December 2020 over all of the continent. The moderates to strong wind were observed at the 700 hpa over at north Sahel, in the gulf Guinea, at North Africa region and southern of the Austral Africa. The strongs wind were observed at the 200hpa level of this second dekad December over across most region.

RELATIVE HUMIDITY AND ANOMALIES, CLIMATOLOGY 850 HPA FOR DEKAD 1 OF JANUARY 2021

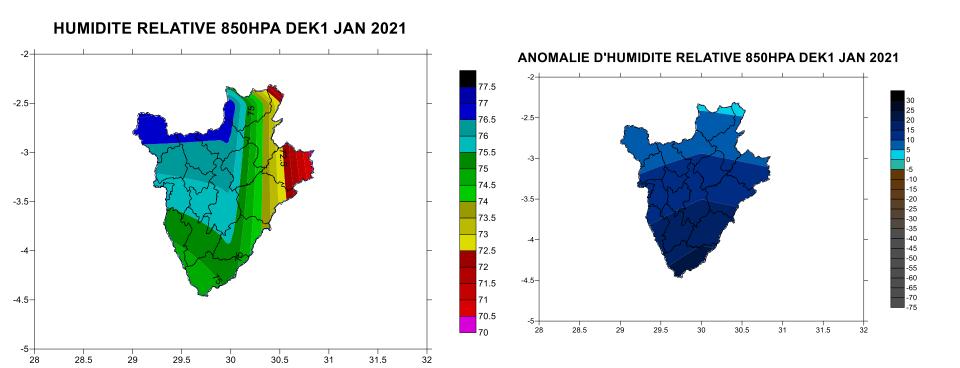


Figure 16a, b and: Relative humidity, Anomaly and climatology cards

RELATIVE HUMIDITY AND ANOMALIES, CLIMATOLOGY 700 HPA FOR DEKAD 1 OF JANUARY 2021

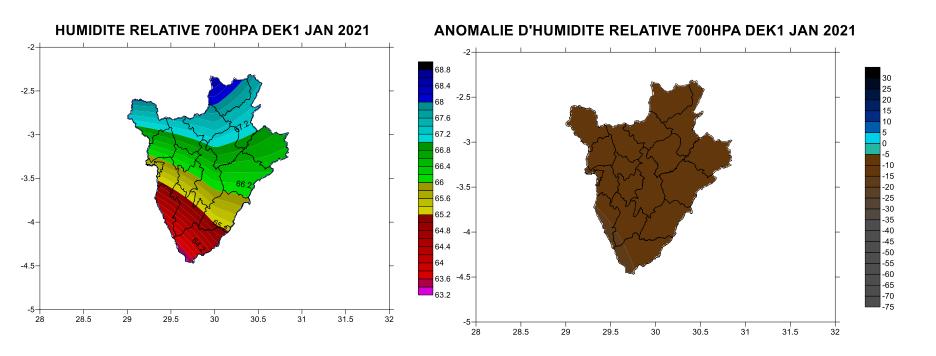


Figure 17a, b and: Relative humidity, Anomaly and climatology cards

IR IMAGE AND VELOCITY POTENTIAL ANOMALY

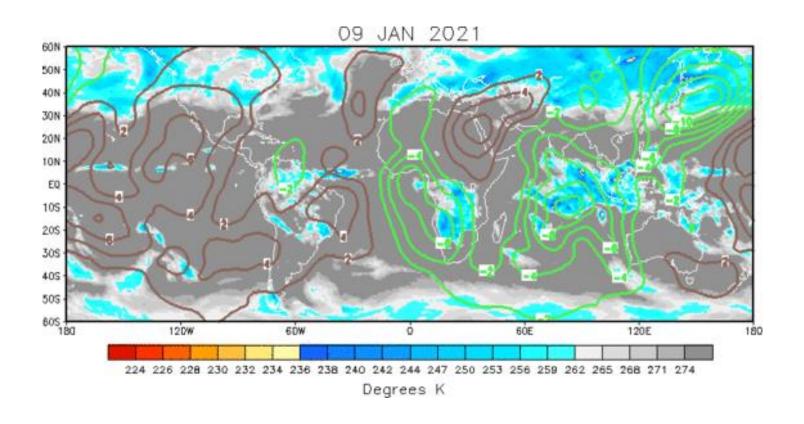


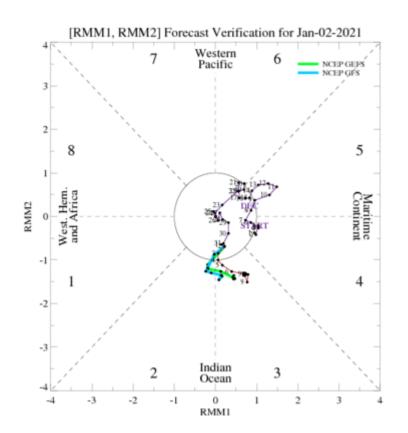
Figure 18: IR image and velocity potential anomaly

https://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/precip/CWlink/ir_anim_monthly.shtml

EXTREMES EVENTS TABLE RECORDED DURING THE DEKAD 2 OF MARCH 2020 IN AFRICA AND SOCIO ECONOMIC IMPACTS

Category of observed extreme weather or climate event/Type de phénomène		Physical Characteristic s					Socio-economic impacts			
	Date of the occurrence of the event/date	Location	Geographical extent/étendu e	Severity	Duration/intensit é	Casualties /dégats	Economic losses/pertes		Other impacts /autres impacts	
	18-Mar-20	Tanzania		sévère	floods		several houses and farms were washed away by the floods			
Rainfall / floods	18-Mar-20	Angola		Sévère	floods		several houses were completely destroyed and others damaged.	floodlist.co		
Drought/séchere sse	13-Mar-20	Egypt			lightning strikes and flooding	5 death		floodlist.co m		
Drought/cáchara	11-Mar-20				fllods			floodlist.co m		
Others/autres	11-Mar-20	Burundi		Sévére	weather	1 death	several people have been affected, some displaced, homes destroyed and others damaged.	floodlist.co m		
	11-Mar-20	Rwanda			Heavy rain	2 death		floodlist.co m		

MJO MONITORING AND FORECASTS FRO ECWF, NCEP, UK MET OFFICE ... FROM MJO WORKING GROUP WEBSITE



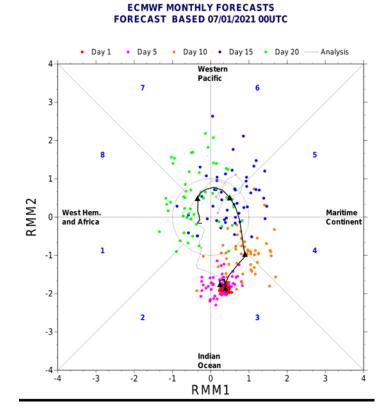


Figure 19:FORECASTS FRO ECWF, NCEP, UK MET OFFICE

https://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/precip/CWlink/MJO/CLIVAR/emon.shtml

https://www.ecmwf.int/en/forecasts/charts/catalogue/mofc multi mjo family index?facets=undefined&time=2019081500,0,2019081500

https://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/precip/CWlink/MJO/CLIVAR/jman.shtml

WEEKLY FORECAST

MJO FORECAST

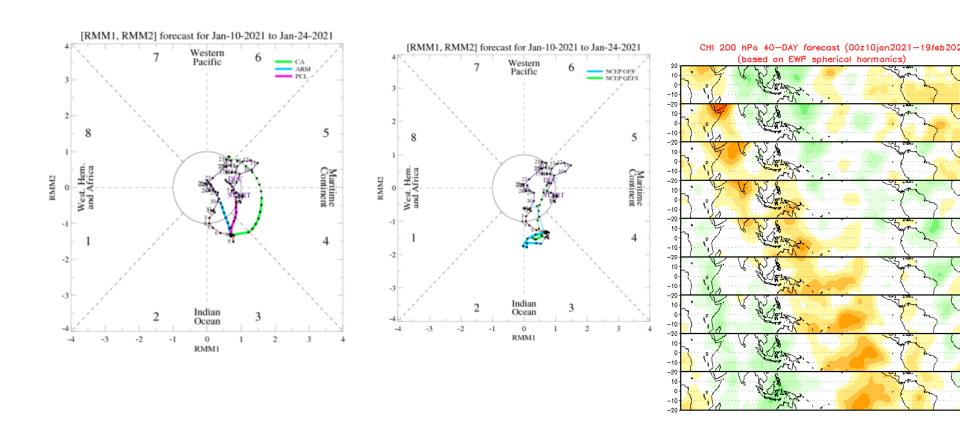
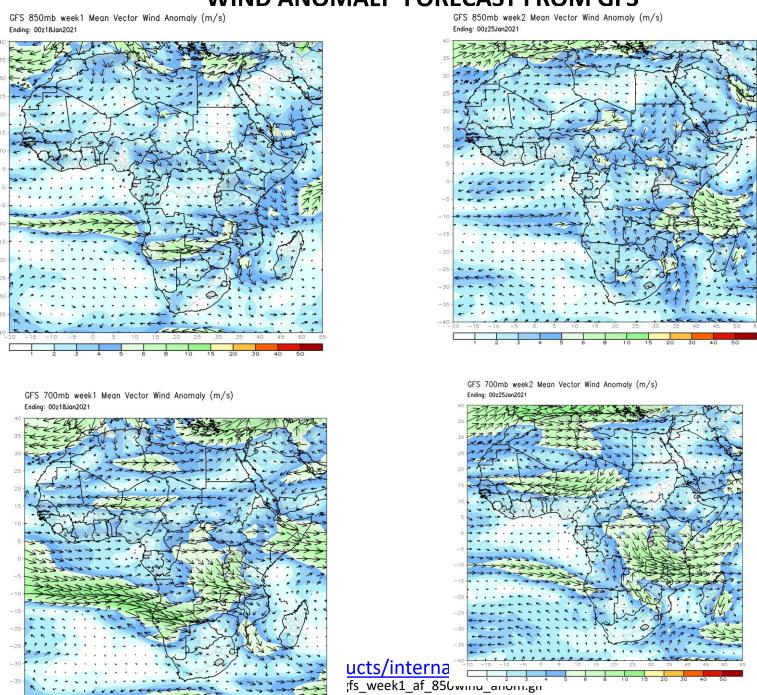


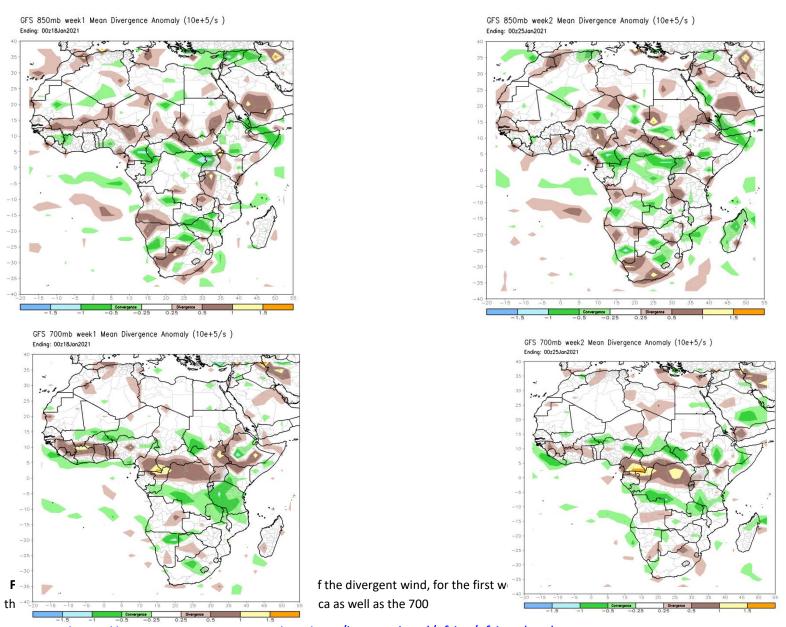
Figure 20: Mjo forecast

https://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/precip/CWlink/MJO/foroper.shtml
https://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/precip/CWlink/MJO/forca.shtml
https://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/people/wd52qz/mjo/chi/cfs.gif

WIND ANOMALY FORECAST FROM GFS



GFS DIVERGENCE FORECAST



https://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/international/africa/africa.shtml http://www.cpc.noaa.gov/products/international/gfs/gfs week1 af 700divg anom.gif

PRECIPITATION FORECASTS FROM ECMWF FOR WEEK 1: 04-11 January 2021; Week 2: 11-18 January 2021

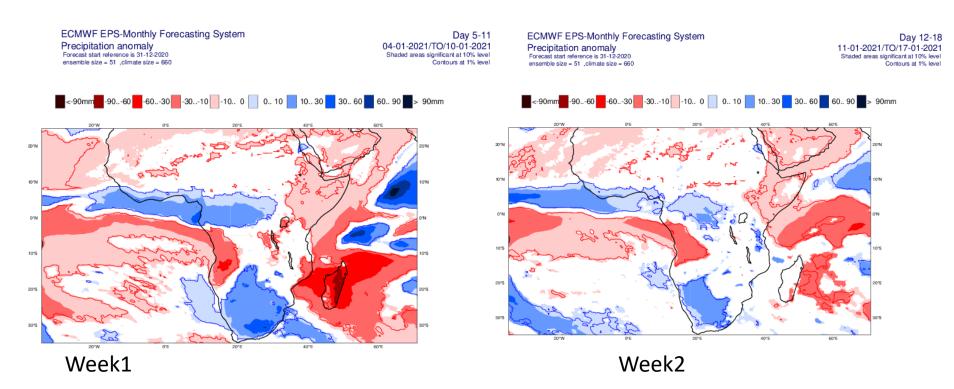


Figure 26: Precipitation forecast: During weeks 1 and 2, rainfall amounts greater than 90 mm are likely in the Gulf of Guinea, South Africa, northern and central parts of Central African Region, Lesotho, SADEC. Precipitation below 90 mm is very likely in the East Africa region, Angola, the southern coastal area of the Central African Region and Madagascar.

CENTILES 33 AND 66 PRECIPITATION FORECASTS FROM ECMWF FOR WEEK 1: 04-11 January 2021

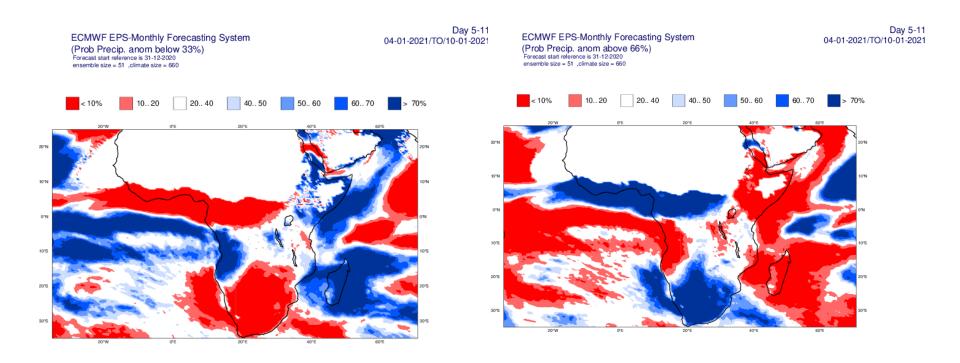


Figure 27a: Monthly forecasting system Week1: The maps show high probability of below average precipitation in Angola, Somalia, Kenya, Madagascar, in the great lake region. Above average precipitation is very likely in the Gulf Guinea, southern Namibia, South Africa, Lesotho, and northern parts of Central Africa region.

Figure 27: Monthly forecasting system Week1

PRECIPITATION FORECASTS FROM ECMWF FOR WEEK 2: 11-18 January 2021

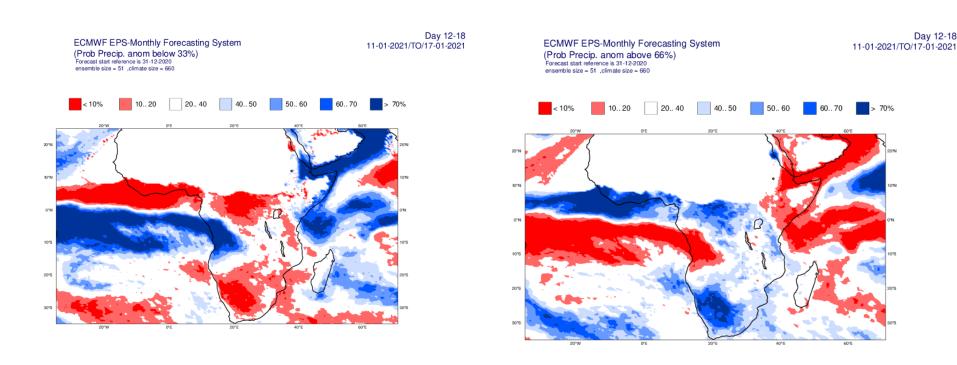
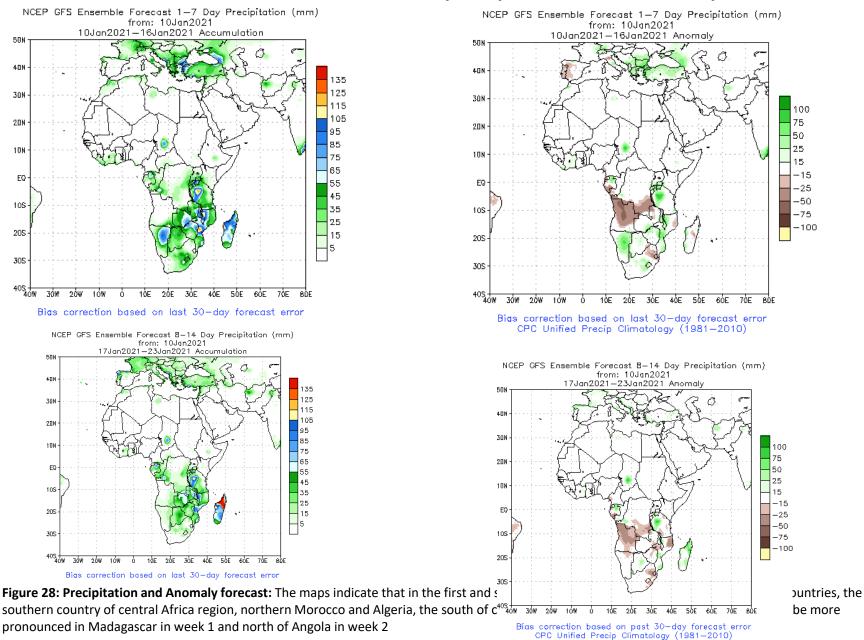


Figure 27b: Monthly forecasting system Week2: The maps show high probability of below average precipitation in Angola, Somalia, coastal Kenya and east of Madagascar. Above average precipitation is very likely in the Gulf Guinea, southern Namibia, western South Africa, Central and northern parts of Central Africa region.

PRECIPITATION AND ANOMALY FORECAST: Week1: 2-8 january 2021; Week2: 9-15 January 2021



https://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/Global Monsoons/African Monsoons/gfs model.shtml

http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/people/wwang/gfs_precip/gfs_wk1.gif

S2S PRODUCTS FROM THE HAZARD CENTER OF UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA AT SANTA BARBARA

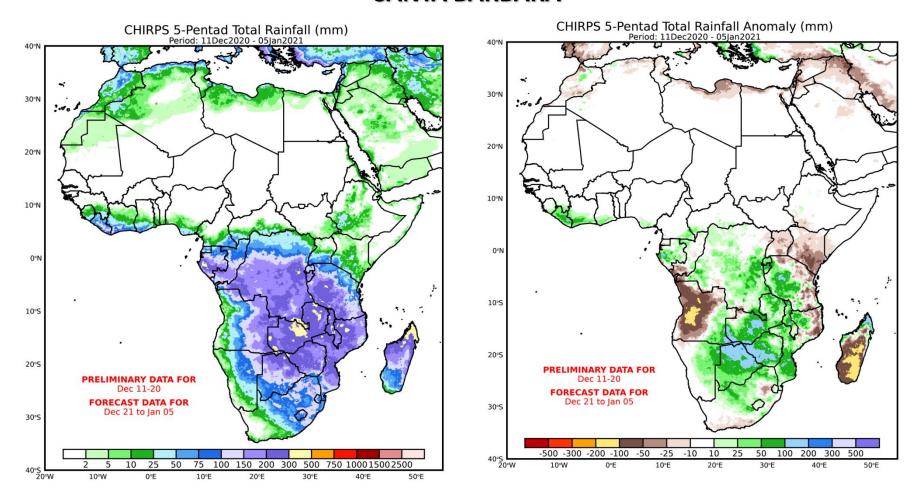


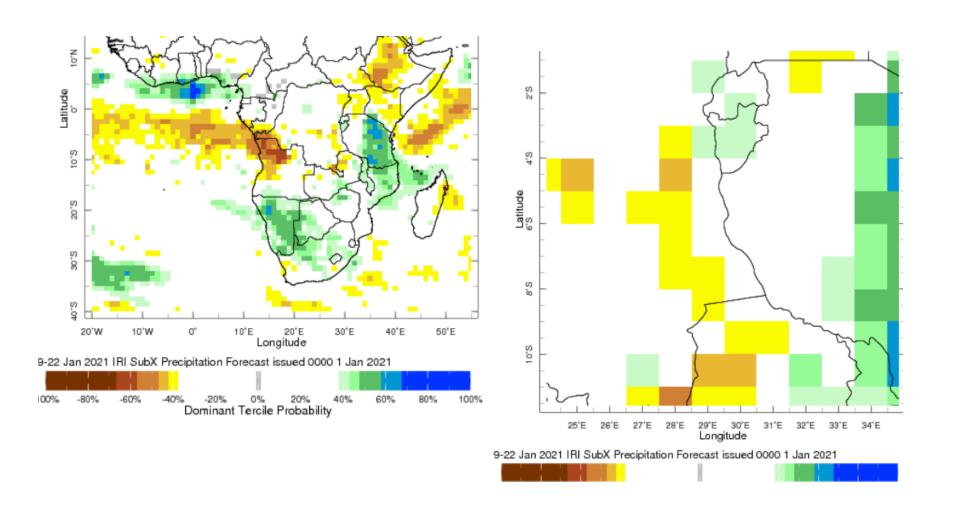
Figure 29: S2S Forecast data

The Santa Barbara model shows us that there is more intense rainfall in East Africa The anomaly effectively defines precipitation for this area. https://www.chc.ucsb.edu/monitoring/early-estimates

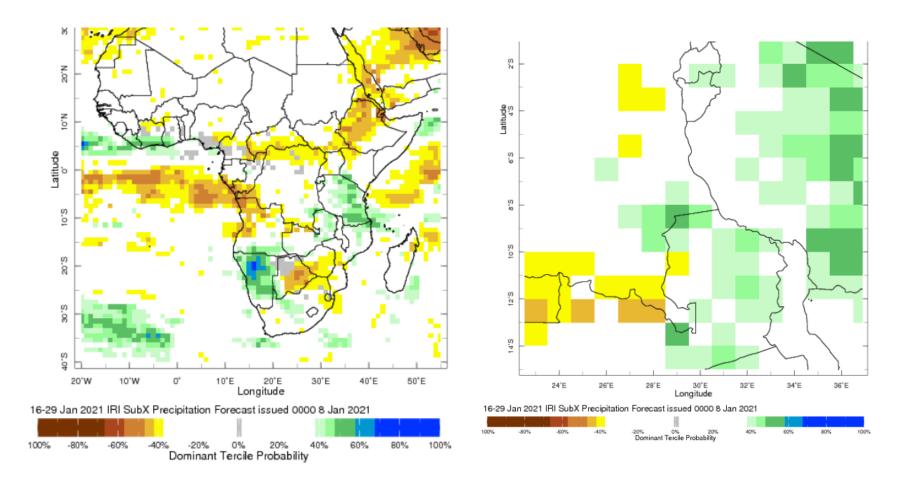
http://ewxtest.chc.ucsb.edu/images/CHC latest/CHCEE/Africa/TotalPrecip 05PentAccum Current.png

http://ewxtest.chc.ucsb.edu/images/CHC latest/CHCEE/Africa/Anomaly 05PentAccum Current.png

PRECIPITATION PROBABILITY FORECAST subx



PRECIPITATION PROBABILITY FORECAST subx



DU 02-15 JANUARY 2021

DU 09-22 JANUARY 2021

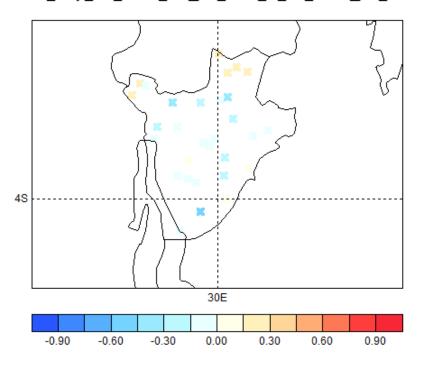
Figure 31: Precipation forecast subx

For the forecast model, this model defines nearly 50% of rain observed in southern Sudan Kenya Rwanda and Burundi.

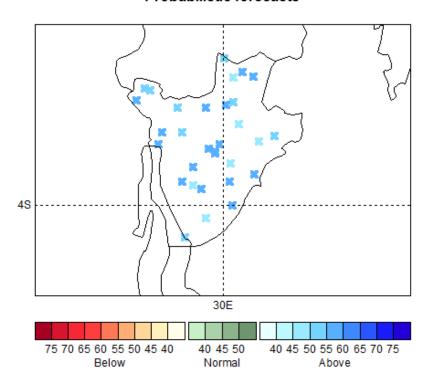
 $\frac{https://iridl.ldeo.columbia.edu/maproom/Global/ForecastsS2S/precip_subx.html?Set-Language=en\&bbox=bb%3A-20%3A-40%3A55%3A40%3Abb\&S=0000%201%20Nov%202019\®ion=bb%3A-20%3A-40%3A55%3A40%3Abb$

CFSv2_FCST_WK_13-20_JAN_2021

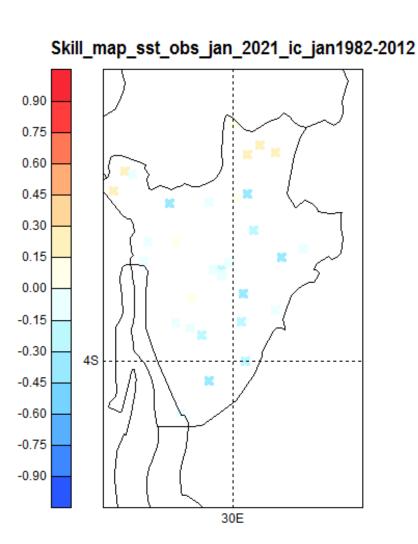
Skill_map_sst_cfsv2_feb_jan_2021_ic_wk_13-20_jan_clim



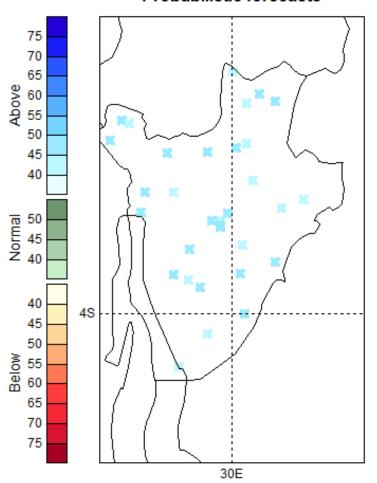
Probabilistic forecasts



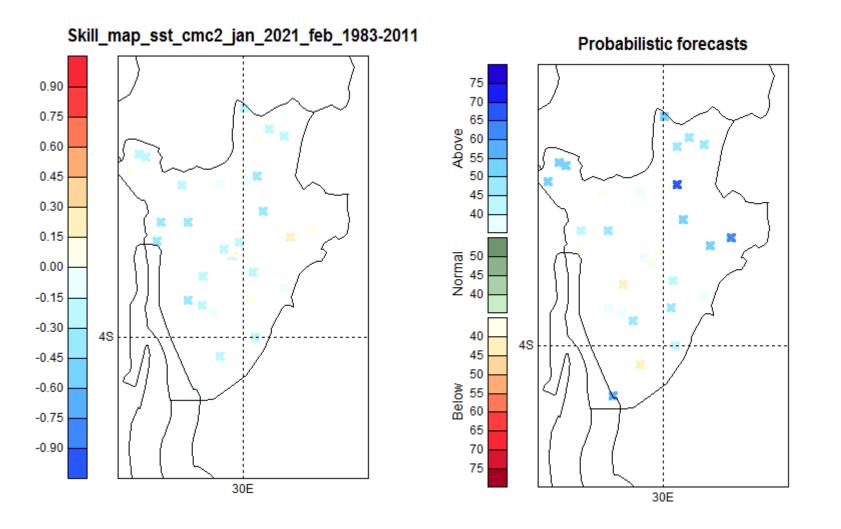
SST_OBS_FCST_WK_13-20_JAN_2021



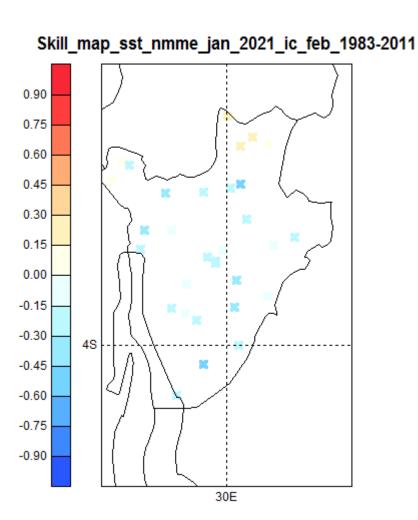
Probabilistic forecasts

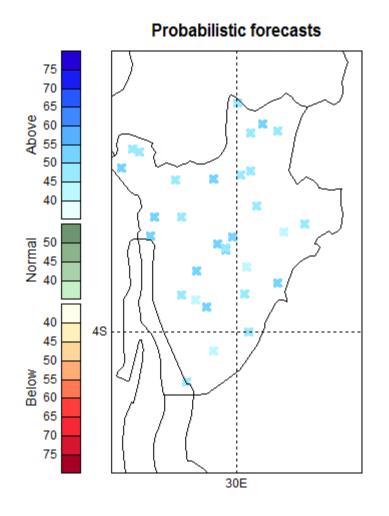


CMC2_FCST_WK_13-20_JAN_2021

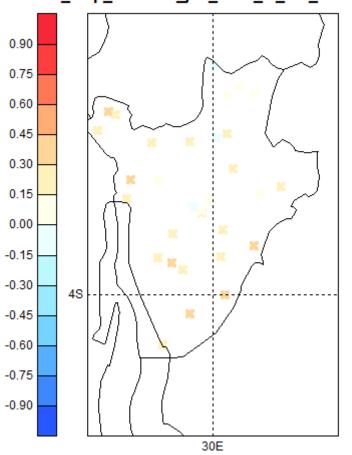


NMME_FCST_WK_13-20_JAN_2021

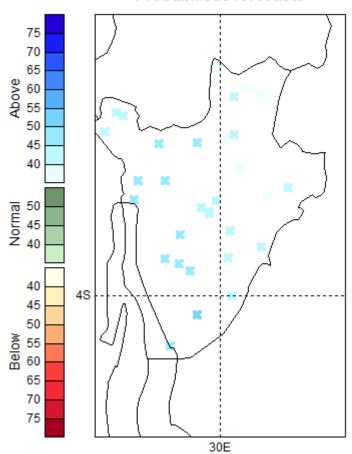




Skill_map_sstcfsv2_jan_2021_ic_feb_1983-2011



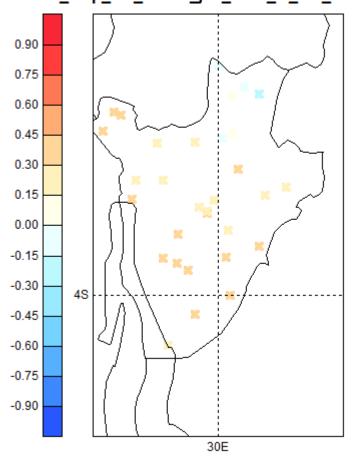
Probabilistic forecasts

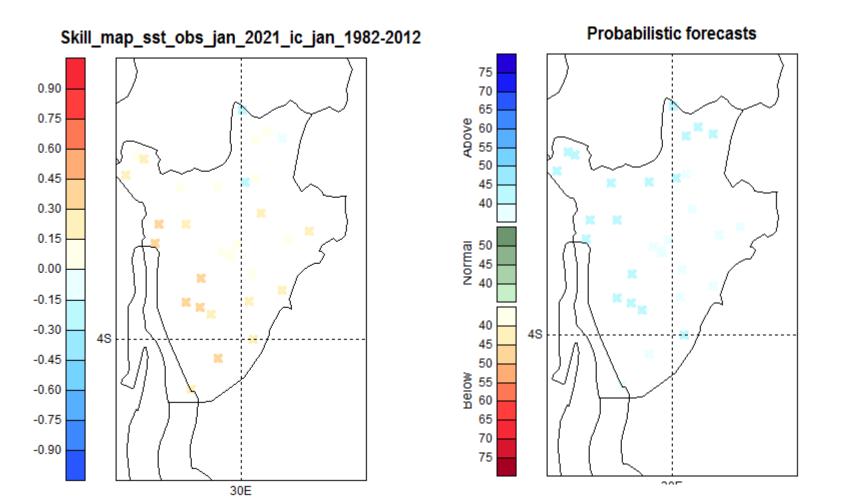


Skill_map_sst_cmc2_jan_2021_ic_feb_1983-2011 0.90 0.75 0.60 0.45 0.30 0.15 0.00 -0.15 -0.30 **4**S -0.45 -0.60 -0.75 -0.90

30E

Skill_map_sst_nmme_jan_2021_ic_feb_1983-2011





CLIMATOLOGY OF PRECIPITATIONS FOR UPCOMING WEEK 1 AND 2

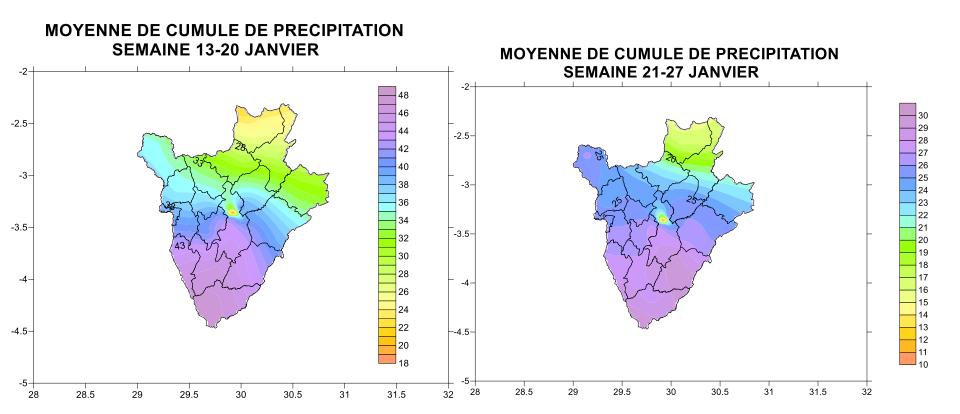
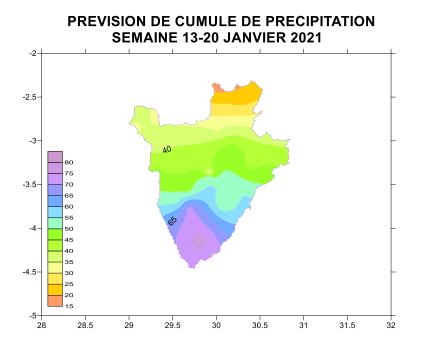


Figure 32: Climatology of Precipation

CUMULATIVE PRECIPITATION FORECAST

FORECAST WEEK1: 13-20 January 2021

FORECAST WEEK2: 21-27 January 2021



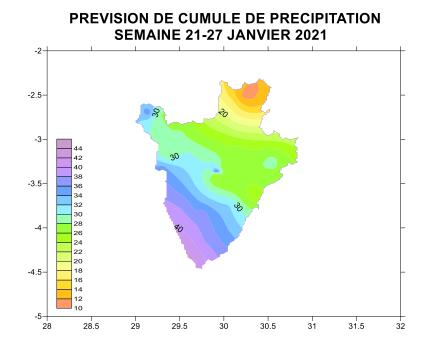
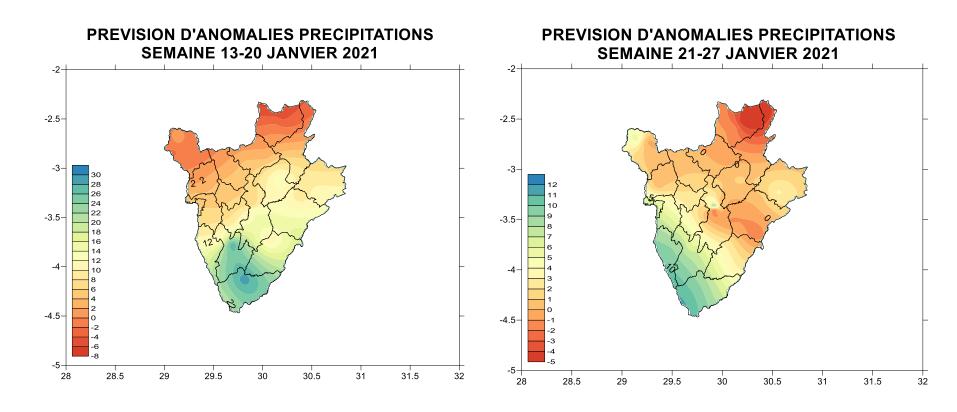


Figure 33: Precipation forecast Analysis

ANOMALIES PRECIPITATION FORECAST ANALYSIS

FORECAST WEEK1: 13-20 January 2021

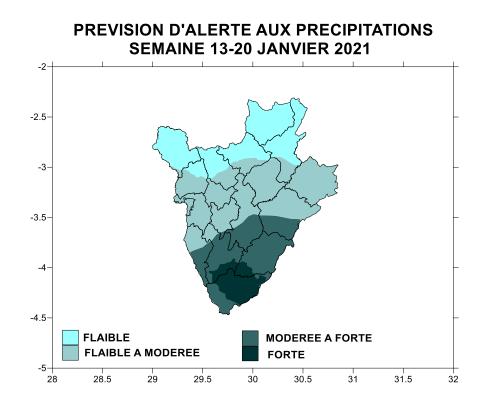
FORECAST WEEK2: 21-27 January 2021



PRECIPITATION FORECAST ANALYSIS

FORECAST WEEK1: 13-20 January 2021

FORECAST WEEK2: 21-27 January 2021



PREVISION D'ALERTE AUX PRECIPITATIONS SEMAINE 21-27 JANVIER 2021

